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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/852,049	05/09/2001	Thomas R. Firman	10591-003009	4504

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EXAMINER

KNEPPER, DAVID D

ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER

2654

DATE MAILED: 08/12/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary	Application No. 09/852,049	Applicant(s) FIRMAN, THOMAS R.	
	Examiner David D. Knepper	Art Unit 2654	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --
Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 07 February 2005.
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 15-25 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 15-25 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
- * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____ | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ |

1. Applicant's correspondence filed on 7 February 2005 has been received and considered. Claims 15-25 are pending. Claims 1-14 have been canceled.

2. The applicant's response acknowledged the restriction requirement and election without traverse.

Drawings

3. The cancellation of figures 31-143 is accepted.

Priority Claims

4. The applicant(s) has inserted the chain of priority into the specification showing priority (effective filing date) back to 23 June 1989.

Specification

5. The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities:

The applicants supplied Appendix C on CD-ROM in PDF format as noted on page 3 of their Remarks (applicants' page #117). However, 37 CFR 1.96(c) requires such materials to be in an ASCII format. Related ASCII formats (i.e. - most "text" (.txt) formats, Rich Text (.RTF), etc.) would suffice as alternatives. However, the Examiner does not have authority to waive the requirements of this rule and accept non-ASCII data formats. The applicant would need to file a petition under 37 CFR 1.183 to request a waiver or suspension of the rules.

Claims

6. Claim 21 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, because the specification, while being enabling for adding speech recognition to a computer, does not reasonably provide enablement for the details of a computer's operating system. The specification does not enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the invention commensurate in scope with these claims.

The "event queue" in particular is not shown in any drawing nor are any details in the specification provided about how the invention modifies the operating system as presented in claim 21.

7. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

8. Claims 15-19, 21-25 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103 as being unpatentable over Hansen (4,776,016).

As per claims 15, 17, 18, 22 and 23, Hansen teaches "a voice user interface" (see his adaptable control system, abstract and figures):

“recognizing a voiced utterance” (his voice recognition systems, col. 5, line 11);

“converting said voiced utterance into a command string including a command simulating a mouse function” (suggested by his disclosed ability to move the cursor on the display through the use of voice commands, cursor control inputs or both. The cursor control inputs include cursor control button, the mouse, the digitizer, etc., col. 5, lines 26-33 – see also col. 6, lines 14, 42-46 and figures 1-2 – while the Hansen does not explicitly state that he is simulating a mouse function he does explicitly state that a user may use keys...to move the cursor on the computer screen ...or, if the user desires, the user may utilize voice commands via the microphone 33 to perform these functions – since he also teaches the use of a mouse as an alternative cursor control input, it would have been obvious to utilize or substitute verbal commands for similar cursor control functionality).

Claim 16: A “command string further comprises a command to said program” is redundant over the use of a “command” as noted under claim 15.

Claim 19: A number of text “arguments” are shown for generating commands that require more than one word in figure 10 regarding programs or commands for programs containing multiple words. Figure 14 and col. 11, line 65-col. 12 in particular show that voice commands can include multiple words such as specific x and y coordinates where it is desired to locate the cursor. Figure 14, 4th box (move the cursor ($XD=XN-X0$, $YD=YN-Y0$) shows the relative calculations for movement of the cursor that would be equivalent to the calculations necessary for relative movements of a mouse to perform the same function. This is taught as an alternative to commands such as up, down, left, right, etc. that would mimic individual keys for cursor control.

Claim 21: It is inherent that if a command is directed to the operating system, then it will particularly affect an “event queue” of the operating system. Computers require an operating system to schedule events that must be performed and make extensive use of queues to manage the order in which the operating system will send instructions to the processor (CPU). The applicant’s specification in paragraph 48 that the claimed “event queue” is “not shown” and that the Macintosh computer used by the applicant has an inherently event driven operating system. Therefore, this is considered evidence that the applicant did not invent event driven OS nor an “event queue”. Arguments to the contrary should include a figure disclosing details to make and use an event queue along with necessary explanations and evidence showing that this is not new matter.

Claims 24, 25: See claim 15 above. A set of representations that allow “mapping from a member of said set of internal representations to a member of said set of output strings” is taught by Hansen as noted above in that he stores templates that have the mappings that indicate how each voice command will be interpreted and output (see fig. 3, boxes 44 and 46).

9. Claims 20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103 as being unpatentable over Hansen (4,776,016) in view of Macintosh (Macintosh SE/30 Owner’s Guide).

It is noted that Hansen does not teach the use of “menu selection”. However, this is explicitly taught as inherent in many computers available since 1888 as shown in the Macintosh reference on page 111 where the definition of menu indicates that it is inherently A list of commands that appears when you point to and press the menu title in the menu bar. Dragging through the menu and releasing the mouse button while a command is highlighted chooses that

command. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the computer arts to use the voice control system of Hansen in a computer that has inherent menu selection capabilities because Macintosh teaches menu selection is an obvious combination that modern software will allow computers to perform if they are normally operated in combination with a mouse.

Remarks

10. The applicant's argument that McKiel is not prior art because of the earlier effective filing date based upon the chain of continuing applications is convincing. Therefore, new prior art showing that the claimed invention is not patentable have been applied as noted above.

11. Some correspondence may be submitted electronically. See the Office's Internet Web site <http://www.uspto.gov> for additional information.

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Effective 14 January 2005, except correspondence for Maintenance Fees, Deposit Accounts (see 37 CFR 1.25(c)(4)), and Licensing and Review (see 37 CFR 5.1(c) and 5.2(c)), please address correspondence delivered by other delivery services (i.e. – Federal Express (Fed Ex), UPS, DHL, Laser, Action, Purolater, etc.) as follows:

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12. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to David D. Knepper whose telephone number is (571) 272-7607. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday from 07:30 a.m.-6:00 p.m.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Richemond Dorvil, can be reached on (571) 272-7602.

For the Group 2600 receptionist or customer service call (571) 272-2600.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Inquiries regarding the status of submissions relating to an application or questions on the Private PAIR system should be directed to the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free) or 703-305-3028 between the hours of 6 a.m. and midnight Monday through Friday EST, or by email at ebc@uspto.gov. For general information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>.



David D. Knepper
Primary Examiner
Art Unit 2654
July 14, 2005